UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K CURRENT REPORT Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): May 8, 2025							
	IMPERIAL OIL LIMITED						
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)							
Canada (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)	0-12014 (Commission File Number)	98-0017682 (IRS Employer Identification No.)					
	oulevard S.E., Calgary, Alberta	T2C 5N1					
(Address of p	rincipal executive offices)	(Zip Code)					
Registrant's telephone number, inc	cluding area code: 1-800-	567-3776					
(Former na	ame or former address, if changed since	last report)					
Check the appropriate box below if the Form under any of the following provisions (see Go		isfy the filing obligation of the registrant					
[] Written communications pursuant to	Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 2	230.425)					
[] Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)							
[] Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))							
[] Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))							
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b	o) of the Act:						
Title of each class	Trading symbol	Name of each exchange on which registered					
None		None					
Indicate by check mark whether the registrar 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-							
Emerging growth company \square							
If an emerging growth company, indicate by complying with any new or revised financial							

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure

On May 8, 2025, Brad Corson, Imperial Oil Limited's (the "company") chairman and chief executive officer, gave a presentation at the company's annual general meeting held virtually (the "presentation") that included an update on the company's current operations and major projects. The presentation included information related to the company's strategic plans, goals, growth initiatives and outlook, and forecasts for future performance and industry development.

A broadcast of the presentation will be available online on the company's website at https://www.imperialoil.ca/en-CA/Investors/Investor-relations/Speeches-and-presentations for a period of one year. The slides used in the presentation are attached as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report and are incorporated herein by reference.

The presentation contains forward-looking statements about the company's relative business outlook. These forward-looking statements and all other statements contained in or made during the presentation are subject to risks and uncertainties that may materially affect actual results. A more thorough discussion of certain risks, uncertainties and other factors that may affect the company is included in the presentation, the company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024 and subsequent interim reports of Form 10-Q. The company's Form 10-K is available on its website at www.imperialoil.ca. You can also obtain this form from the SEC by calling 1-800-SEC-0330 or by logging on to their website at www.sec.gov.

The presentation may contain references to non-proved resources and production outlooks based on non-proved resources that the SEC's rules prohibit the company from including in its filings with the SEC. U.S. investors are urged to consider closely the disclosures in the company's Form 10-K.

- Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.
 - (d) Exhibits.

The following exhibit is furnished as part of this report on Form 8-K:

- 99.1 A copy of the slides presented during the presentation.
- 104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document).

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

IMPERIAL OIL LIMITED

Date: May 8, 2025

By: /s/ Ian Laing

Name: Ian Laing

Title: Vice-president, general counsel and

corporate secretary

By: /s/ Cathryn Walker

Name: Cathryn Walker

Title: Assistant corporate secretary



Cautionary statement

Statements of future events or conditions in this presentation, including projections, targets, expectations, estimates, and business plans are forward-looking statements. Similarly, discussion of roadmaps or future plans related to carbon capture, transportation and storage, biofuel, hydrogen, and other future plans to reduce emissions and emission intensity of the company, its affiliates and third parties are dependent on future market factors, such as continued technological progress, policy support and timely rule-making and permitting, and represent forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements can be identified by words such as believe, anticipate, intend, propose, plan, goal, seek, project, predict, target, estimate, expect, strategy, outlook, schedule, future, continue, likely, may, should, will and similar references to future periods. Forward-looking statements in this presentation include, but are not limited to, references to the company's general, Upstream, Downstream and Chemicals strategies, including but not limited to its focus on reducing unit cash costs, volume growth and margin growth; being well-positioned for the future and to compete through the energy transition, delivering shareholder value, and the outlook for improved cash flows across a range of price cases and robust cash flow through the cycle; the quality, lifespan and rate of decline of the company's assets; the company's sustainability priorities and focus, and the company's strategy for the energy transition and emission reduction goals; the timing of and production from the renewable diesel facility at Strathcona; the company's capital allocation priorities and commitment to returning surplus cash to shareholders; and progressing value accretive projects and maintaining optionality.

Forward-looking statements are based on the company's current expectations, estimates, projections and assumptions at the time the statements are made. Actual future financial and operating results, including expectations and assumptions concerning future energy demand, supply and mix; production rates, growth and mix across various assets; production life, resource recoveries and reservoir performance; project plans, timing, costs, technical evaluations and capacities, and the company's ability to effectively execute on these plans and operate its assets, including the Strathcona renewable diesel project, the Leming, Grand Rapids and LASER projects at Cold Lake, and autonomous operations at Kearl; the adoption and impact of new facilities or technologies on reductions to greenhouse gas emissions intensity, including but not limited to technologies using solvents to replace energy intensive steam at Cold Lake, the EBRT project, Strathcona renewable diesel, carbon capture and storage including in connection with hydrogen for the renewable diesel project, recovery technologies and efficiency projects, and any changes in the scope, terms, or costs of such projects; the degree and timeliness of support that will be provided by policymakers and other stakeholders for various new technologies such as carbon capture and storage; for renewable diesel, the availability and cost of locally-sourced and grown feedstock and the supply of renewable diesel to British Columbia in connection with its low-carbon fuel legislation; the amount and timing of emissions reductions, including the impact of lower carbon fuels; performance of third-party service providers including service providers located outside of Canada; receipt of regulatory and third-party approvals in a timely manner, especially with respect to large scale emissions reduction projects; applicable laws and government policies, including with respect to climate change, greenhouse gas emissions reductions and low carbon fuels; refinery utilization and product sales;

Continued on the next page

Cautionary statement (continued)

These factors include global, regional or local changes in supply and demand for oil, natural gas, petroleum and petrochemical products, feedstocks and other market factors, economic conditions and seasonal fluctuations and resulting demand, price, differential and margin impacts, including Canadian and foreign government action with respect to supply levels, prices, trade tariffs, trade sanctions or trade controls, the occurrence of disruptions in trade or military alliances, or a broader breakdown in global trade; political or regulatory events, including changes in law or government policy, applicable royalty rates, and tax laws including taxes on share repurchases; environmental regulation, including climate change and greenhouse gas regulation and changes to such regulation; environmental risks inherent in oil and gas activities; government policies supporting lower carbon investment opportunities; failure, delay, reduction, revocation or uncertainty regarding supportive policy and market development for the adoption of emerging lower-emission energy technologies and other technologies that support emissions reductions; the receipt, in a timely manner, of regulatory and third-party approvals, including for new technologies relating to the company's lower emissions business activities; third-party opposition to company and service provider operations, projects and infrastructure; competition from alternative energy sources and established competitors in such markets; availability and allocation of capital; availability and performance of third-party service providers including those located outside of Canada; unanticipated technical or operational difficulties; management effectiveness and disaster response preparedness; project management and schedules and timely completion of projects; transportation for accessing markets; commercial negotiations; unexpected technological developments; the results of research programs and new technologies, including with respect to autonomous operations and greenhouse gas

Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve a number of risks and uncertainties, some that are similar to other oil and gas companies and some that are unique to Imperial. Imperial's actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by its forward-looking statements and readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on them. Imperial undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statements contained herein, except as required by applicable law.

Forward-looking and other statements regarding Imperial's environmental, social and other sustainability efforts and aspirations are not an indication that these statements are material to investors or require disclosure in the company's filings with securities regulators. In addition, historical, current and forward-looking environmental, social and sustainability-related statements may be based on standards for measuring progress that are still developing, internal controls and processes that continue to evolve, and assumptions that are subject to change in the future, including future rule-making.

References to projects or opportunities may not reflect investment decisions made by the company. Individual projects or opportunities may advance based on a number of factors, including availability of stable and supportive policy, permitting, technological advancement for cost-effective abatement, insights from the company planning process, and alignment with partners and other stakeholders. Capital investment guidance in lower-emission investments is based on the company's corporate plan; however, actual investment levels will be subject to the availability of the opportunity set, public policy support, and focused on returns.

The term "project" as used in this presentation can refer to a variety of different activities and does not necessarily have the same meaning as in any government payment transparency reports.

Meeting proceedings

Brad Corson

Chairman and chief executive officer

lan Laing

Vice-president, general counsel and corporate secretary



Election of directors



David Cornhill



Sharon Driscoll



John Floren



Gary Goldberg



Neil Hansen



Miranda Hubbs



John Whelan

Appointment of the auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Confirmation of Amendments to By-law No. 1



Brad Corson

Chairman and chief executive officer





2024 financial highlights

Five-year cumulative (2020-2024)

\$4.8_B

\$6.0B

\$4.2в

\$17.6в

\$26.5B

\$20.5в

Strong shareholder returns in 2024

Effectively returning cash to shareholders

\$1.2B Dividends paid

\$2.7B
Share buybacks



20% 2024 total shareholder return¹

Strong shareholder returns since 2020

Consistently returning cash to shareholders

227% Dividend increase¹

32% Shares repurchased





¹ Q1 2020 vs Q1 2025 quarterly dividend declared per share

²See supplemental information for definition

2024 Upstream performance

Continued strong safety and operational performance

- 2024 net income of \$3.3B
- 2024 gross production¹ of 433 koebd
 - Record full-year production¹ at Kearl of 281 kbd
 - > Increased full-year production by 10% from 2023 at Cold Lake
 - > Grand Rapids first oil and ramp up, exceeding expectations
- Progressed pipeline of capital-efficient growth opportunities
- Continued focus on industry-leading unit cash costs² and volume growth
- Outlook for improved cash flows across a range of price cases
 - > High-quality, long-life, low decline assets



¹ Upstream production is Imperial share before royalties, except Kearl which is 100% gross basis. Kearl is jointly owned by Imperial (70.96%) and ExxonMobil Canada (29.04%)

² Non-GAAP financial measure – see supplemental information for definition and reconciliation

Downstream and Chemical performance

Maximize earnings and cash flow across the value chain



- 2024 net income of \$1.7B
- 2024 refining throughput of 399 kbd, utilization of 92%
 - Successfully completed all turnarounds ahead of schedule and below budget
- No.1 Canadian retail market share¹
- Maximizing benefits of fully integrated, flexible business model
- Focusing on profitable volume and margin growth to maximize earnings
- Positioned to compete through the energy transition
 - > Strathcona renewable diesel facility



Sustainability priorities

Advancing responsible energy solutions for a better tomorrow



Climate

Mitigate emissions ¹ in our major operated assets and help our customers reduce their emissions



Indigenous reconciliation

Strengthen collaboration and partnerships with Indigenous communities to generate economic benefits and continue the journey of reconciliation



Land and water

Further improve environmental performance by conserving water resources and caring for land and biodiversity



People

Cultivate a workplace where everyone feels included, diverse perspectives are valued and our people are empowered today and prepared for tomorrow

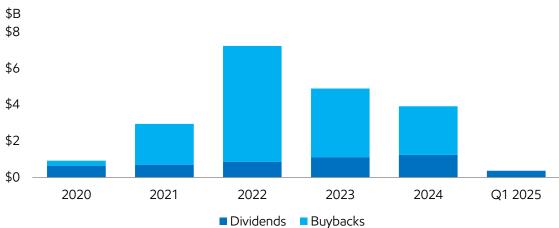


Strategically investing to supply reliable, responsible and secure energy for today and tomorrow

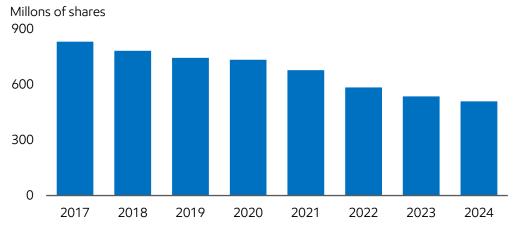
Capital allocation priorities

Committed to returning surplus cash to shareholders

Annual cash distributions



Shares outstanding



- Reliable and growing dividend
 - 30 years of consecutive increases
 - 23% dividend CAGR¹ over past 5 years
- Low sustaining capital requirements
- High-return capital-efficient investments in core assets
- Return surplus cash to shareholders
 - Repurchased 39% of outstanding shares since 2018
- Optionality to invest in highly attractive opportunities

Why Imperial

Confidence in the future

- High-quality, long-life, low decline upstream assets
 - Growing volumes and lowering unit cash costs¹
- Advantaged downstream and chemicals assets
 - Maximizing value through integration, logistics flexibility and strong brands
- Low-cost, high-return growth enabled by technology
 - > Progressing value accretive projects, maintaining optionality
- Driving shareholder value
 - > Financial discipline supports robust cash flow through the cycle, directed to shareholder returns
- Pragmatic, value-driven focus on sustainability
 - > Underpinned by technology, collaboration with governments and industry
- Access to ExxonMobil expertise and technology
- Best people in the business

















lan Laing

Vice-president, general counsel and corporate secretary



Reflections on the past five years

Strong past, bright future























May 8, 2025

Supplemental information

Total shareholder return

Total shareholder return measures the change in value of an investment in stock over a specified period of time, assuming dividend reinvestment. Total shareholder return is subject to many different variables, including factors beyond the control of management.

Non-GAAP measures

Listed below are definitions of several of Imperial's key business and financial performance measures. The definitions are provided to facilitate understanding of the terms and how they are calculated. These measures are not prescribed by U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). These measures constitute "non-GAAP financial measures" under Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation G and Item 10(e) of Regulation S-K, and "specified financial measures" under National Instrument 52-112 Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures Disclosure of the Canadian Securities Administrators.

Reconciliation of these non-GAAP financial measures to the most comparable GAAP measure, and other information required by these regulations have been provided. Non-GAAP financial measures and specified financial measures are not standardized financial measures under GAAP and do not have a standardized definition. As such, these measures may not be directly comparable to measures presented by other companies and should not be considered a substitute for GAAP financial measures.

Free cash flow

Free cash flow is a non-GAAP financial measure that is cash flows from operating activities less additions to property, plant and equipment and equity company investments plus proceeds from asset sales. The most directly comparable financial measure that is disclosed in the financial statements is "Cash flows from (used in) operating activities" within the company's Consolidated statement of cash flows. This measure is used to evaluate cash available for financing activities (including but not limited to dividends and share purchases) after investment in the business.

Reconciliation of free cash flow			
millions of Canadian dollars	2024	2023	2022
From Imperial's Consolidated statement of cash flows			
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities	5,981	3,734	10,482
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities			
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(1,867)	(1,785)	(1,526)
Proceeds from asset sales	25	86	904
Additional investments	_	_	(6)
Loans to equity companies - net	17	5	10
Free cash flow	4,156	2,040	9,864

Supplemental information

Cash operating costs (Cash costs)

Cash operating costs is a non-GAAP financial measure that consists of total expenses, less purchases of crude oil and products, federal excise taxes and fuel charge, financing, and costs that are noncash in nature, including depreciation and depletion, and non-service pension and postretirement benefit. The components of cash operating costs include "Production and manufacturing", "Selling and general" and "Exploration" from the company's Consolidated statement of income. The sum of these income statement lines serves as an indication of cash operating costs and does not reflect the total cash expenditures of the company. The most directly comparable financial measure that is disclosed in the financial statements is "Total expenses" within the company's Consolidated statement of income. This measure is useful for investors to understand the company's efforts to optimize cash through disciplined expense management.

Reconciliation of cash operating costs			
millions of Canadian dollars	2024	2023	2022
From Imperial's Consolidated statement of Income			
Total expenses	45,293	44,600	50,186
Less:			
Purchases of crude oil and products	33,184	32,399	37,742
Federal excise taxes and fuel charge	2,535	2,402	2,179
Depreciation and depletion	1,983	1,907	1,897
Non-service pension and postretirement benefit	3	82	17
Financing	41	69	60
Total cash operating costs	7,547	7,741	8,291

Supplemental information

Unit cash operating costs (Unit cash costs)

Unit cash operating costs is a non-GAAP ratio. Unit cash operating costs (unit cash costs) is calculated by dividing cash operating costs by total gross oil-equivalent production, and is calculated for the Upstream segment, as well as the major Upstream assets. Cash operating costs is a non-GAAP financial measure and is disclosed and reconciled above. This measure is useful for investors to understand the expense management efforts of the company's major assets as a component of the overall Upstream segment. Unit cash operating cost, as used by management, does not directly align with the definition of "Average unit production costs" as set out by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), and disclosed in the company's SEC Form 10-K.

Components of unit cash operating cost

	2024			2023			2022					
millions of Canadian dollars	Upstream (a)	Kearl	Cold Lake	Syncrude	Upstream (a)	Kearl	Cold Lake	Syncrude	Upstream (a)	Kearl (Cold Lake	Syncrude
Production and manufacturing	4,644	1,973	1,094	1,414	4,917	2,097	1,144	1,533	5,491	2,353	1,344	1,563
Selling and general	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	-
Exploration	3	_	_	_	5	_	_	_	5	-	-	-
Cash operating costs	4,647	1,973	1,094	1,414	4,922	2,097	1,144	1,533	5,496	2,353	1,344	1,563
Gross oil-equivalent production (thousands of barrels per day)	433	200	148	75	413	191	135	76	416	172	144	77
Unit cash operating cost (\$/oeb)	29.32	26.95	20.20	51.51	32.65	30.08	23.22	55.26	36.20	37.48	25.57	55.61
USD converted at the YTD average forex 2024 US\$0.73: 2023 US\$0.74: 2022 US\$0.77	21.40	19.67	14.75	37.60	24.16	22.26	17.18	40.89	27.87	28.86	19.69	42.82

⁽a) Upstream includes Imperial's share of Kearl, Cold Lake, Syncrude and other.